

**Exam: 700834RR - From the Age of Discovery to the Beginning of the American E**

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When you have completed your exam and reviewed your answers, click **Submit Exam**. Answers will not be recorded until you hit **Submit Exam**. If you need to exit before completing the exam, click **Cancel Exam**.

**Questions 1 to 20:** Select the best answer to each question. Note that a question and its answers may be split across a page break, so be sure that you have seen the *entire* question and *all* the answers before choosing an answer.

**1.** In Jefferson's view, George Washington's action in addressing the Whiskey Rebellion

- A. was a fitting response to an immediate threat to the federal government.
- B. wouldn't have been necessary save for the influence of Republican clubs.
- C. was appropriate but not sufficiently bold.
- D. amounted to an inappropriate overreaction.

**2.** For revolutionaries like Sam Adams, the term \_\_\_\_\_ embraced a way of life, a core ideology, and an uncompromising commitment to liberty and equality.

- A. Americanism
- B. independency
- C. republicanism
- D. federalism

**3.** Which High Federalist tried to crush internal political dissent after the XYZ Affair?

- A. Alexander Hamilton
- B. George Washington
- C. John Adams
- D. Thomas Jefferson

**4.** The Puritan \_\_\_\_\_ became the governor of the Massachusetts Bay Colony.

- A. John Winthrop
- B. Arnold Hutchinson
- C. William Bradford
- D. Roger Williams

**5.** Which of the following *best* describes the Columbian Exchange that occurred during the Age of Discovery?

- A. It was a genetic shift due to population interbreeding.
- B. It was an ecological transformation.
- C. It was an exchange of trade foods only.
- D. It was a religious transformation.

6. Anti-Catholic sentiment erupted in Maryland when, in 1689, news arrived of the deposition of
- A. James I.
  - B. Charles I.
  - C. James II.
  - D. Charles II.

7. Under the \_\_\_\_\_ system, Spanish conquistadores were rewarded with local villages and control over the local labor force.

- A. encomienda
- B. impresario
- C. plantation
- D. land reform

8. Which of the following was John Rolfe's chief contribution to Virginia's economy?

- A. His invention of a better way to grow short-staple cotton
- B. His alliance with the Powhatan through his marriage to Pocahontas
- C. His innovations in rice cultivation
- D. His innovations in cultivating tobacco

9. Jacques Cartier sailed to the New World in 1534 in search of

- A. Newfoundland.
- B. the Gulf of St. Lawrence.
- C. Montreal.
- D. a northwest passage to China.

10. The first stirrings of the first Great Awakening took place in

- A. the backcountry.
- B. the Carolinas.
- C. Virginia.
- D. New England.

11. In which of the following colonial wars did the American colonists capture the fort at Louisbourg and begin to crave domination over the entire western region that included the Ohio Valley?

- A. King William's War
- B. War of Spanish Secession
- C. Queen Anne's War
- D. King George's War

12. Parliament passed the Coercive Acts, known in America as the Intolerable Acts, in response to

- A. insults addressed to the customs commissioners.
- B. the Boston Tea Party.
- C. the Boston Massacre.
- D. Patrick Henry's Resolves.

**13.** In America, the *main* influence of the Enlightenment was expressed through

- A. family life.
- B. moral values.
- C. practical scientific experimentation.
- D. philosophies of religion.

**14.** Sir George Grenville, King George's Chancellor of the Exchequer, enacted the Revenue Act of 1764 to raise revenue for maintenance of the British Army in America. In the colonies, it was commonly known as the \_\_\_\_\_ Act.

- A. Sugar
- B. Tea
- C. Quartering
- D. Stamp

**15.** The Committee of Correspondence was initiated by

- A. Patrick Henry.
- B. Ben Franklin.
- C. John Adams.
- D. Samuel Adams.

**16.** With respect to the eighteenth century, the concept of the "middle ground" is helpful in

- A. explaining the attitudes and preferences of the Scots-Irish.
- B. understanding the attitudes of Indians living between the Appalachians and the Mississippi.
- C. explaining the relationship between German and Scots-Irish settlers in the backcountry.
- D. understanding the role of Catholic priests in California and the Spanish Southwest.

**17.** In 1700, which of the following colonies had the *largest* slave population relative to its overall population?

- A. Virginia
- B. Massachusetts
- C. Pennsylvania
- D. South Carolina

**18.** In 1777, who commanded the American soldiers who captured 5,800 British soldiers under General Burgoyne at Saratoga?

- A. George Washington
- B. Horatio Gates
- C. Benedict Arnold
- D. William Howe

**19.** The Articles of Confederation called for which of the following?

- A. A chief executive

**B.** The right of the legislature to assess taxes

**C.** A single legislative body

**D.** The Northwest Ordinance

**20.** Which of the following statements is *true* of life in the New England colonies?

**A.** Those who aspired to the social elite had to be members of a Congregational church.

**B.** Only married women could exercise control of their property.

**C.** Literacy wasn't considered important.

**D.** Many New England women were prosperous entrepreneurs.

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End of exam